

OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS AUSTIN

GROVER SELLERS

Honorable John H. Winters Executive Director State Department of Public Welfare Austin, Texas

Dear Sir:

Opinion 40. 0-5550
Re: Appointment of a guardian to receive Old Age
Assistance warrants where
there is already a qualified community survivor.

Your letter requesting an opinion of this department on the above subject reads as follows:

"We shall appreciate your apinion on the following question. Nitle I, Sec (6) of the Social Security Act provides:

"When used in this title the term "old age assistance" seams money payments to needy aged individuals."

ed this to mean that assistance payments may be made to the individual or to his legally appointed guardian. In a few instances in the State it has been found that the applicants for assistance have been adjudged insane and that the Court appointed the same spouse Community Survivor of the estate of the insane spouse, as provided in Articles 3661 through 3683, of the Revised Civil Statutes.

"Although it is recognized by the Department that Old Age Assistance is not a part of
the community estate, the Department has made
assistance warrants payable to the Community Survivor rather than to require the appointment of

a gualdian to handle the Old Age Assistance warrant when there was already a Community Survivor qualified to handle the estate. This action was based on Article 3683 of the Revised Civil Statutes.

"Please advise us whether or not the Statutes contemplate the appointment of a guardian to handle the asparate estate of the incompetent when there is a qualified Community Survivor. If your answer to the first question is in the negative, is the Community Survivor qualified under Texas Statutes to act on behalf of the incompetent spouse in matters pertaining to Old Age Assistance. . ."

In our opinion it will be necessary to appoint a guardian to receive the Old Age Assistance warrants. While Chapter 27, Title 54, of the Revised Civil Statutes, styled, Administration of Community Property, provides for the appointment of the surviving spouse to administer the community estate on the death or insanity of the husband or wife, it does not give the survivor the control of the separate estate.

It is well settled that the rights, powers, and liabilities of the qualified community survivor are fixed and determined by pertinent statutes. Fidelity Union Ins. Co. v. Hutchins, 133 S. V. (2d) 105.

A cursory examination of the many cases wherein these statutes have been construed lends ample support to this contention. In the case of First Mational Bank of New Boston v. Daniel, et al., 172 S. W. 747, the court of Civil Appeals held:

"The survivor of a marriage who qualifies as such is not the representative of the deceased spouse's estate, but is the representative of only that part thereof held by such deceased spouse in common with the survivor."

later, the Commission of Appeals, in an opinion adopted by our Supreme Court, Clark v. First National Bank of New Boston, 210 S. W. 677, held:

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"Inder an administration by virtue of this chapter (Chapter 27) the survivor has no control or power to dispose of the separate proporty of the deceased spouse."

In the facts presented by you, it appears that e qualified survivor in community is receiving Old Age Assistance varrants which you recognize to be the separate property of the recipient. Since, as pointed out above, the survivor is not qualified to receive these warrants, a guardian should be appointed in accordance with the provisions of Article 4102, et seq., of our Statutes. The guardian, duly appointed, would then be competent to receive the Old Age Assistance varrants as well as manage and control the community property. Dickerson v. Dickerson. 167 S. W. (2d) 218.

Your letter states that your department has made Old Age Assistance warrants payable to the community survivor and that this action was based on Article 3685 of the Revised Civil Statutes. This article reads as follows:

"Persons now acting as guardians of the estate of persons of unsound mind shall turn over the estates of their wards, where the wards shall be married persons, upon the qualification of the same spouse, as provided in this Chapter."

This article is found in Chapter 27 of the Revised Civil Statutes, styled, Administration of Community Property, and must be construed to mean that the guardian must turn over only the community estate upon the qualification of the same spouse. It has been accordingly held by the Court of Civil Appeals in Read v. Read, 122 S. W. (2d) 1110.

Trusting that the foregoing fully ansvers your inquiry, we are

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TELLA

Very truly yours

ATTORNEY GENERAL OF TEXAS

Fred C. Chandler

Assistant

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